Company and Marketing Strategy: Partnering to Build **Customer Relationships**

Chapter 2

Objectives

- Understand company-wide strategic planning and its four steps.
- Learn how to design business portfolios and develop strategies for growth and downsizing.
- Understand marketing's role in strategic planning and how marketers partner with others.

Objectives

- Be able to describe the marketing process and the forces that influence it.
- Learn the marketing management functions, including the elements of the marketing plan.

Case Study

Walt Disney Company

- Known for films, animation, theme parks and customer orientation
- Parks offer a variety of attractions as well as cleanliness, order, and warmth
- Satisfying the customer is everyone's job
- Disney has grown via diversification
- Sales and net income have fallen

Discussion: How Can Disney Recover?

 Strategic planning is defined as:
"The process of developing and maintaining a strategic fit between the organization's goals and capabilities and its changing marketing opportunities."

- Planning activities occur at the business unit, product, and market levels, and include:
 - Defining the purpose and mission
 - Setting objectives and goals
 - Designing the business portfolio
 - Developing detailed marketing and departmental plans

Mission statements should . . .

- serve as a guide for what the organization wants to accomplish.
- be "market-oriented" rather than "product-oriented".
- be neither too narrow, nor too broad.
- fit with the market environment.
- be motivating.

- Mission statements guide the development of objectives and goals.
 - Objectives are developed at each level in the organization hierarchy.
 - Strategies are developed to accomplish these objectives.

- Business portfolio: "the collection of businesses and products that make up the company."
- Designing the business portfolio is a key element of the strategic planning process.

Portfolio Design

- Step 1: Analyze the current business portfolio
- Step 2: Shape the future business portfolio

- Identify strategic business units (SBUs)
- Assess each SBU:
 - The BCG growthshare matrix classifies
 SBUs into one of four categories using the:
 - Market growth rate
 - SBU's relative market share within the market.

BCG Growth-Share Matrix

High Market Growth	Stars	Question Marks
Low Market Growth	Cash Cows	Dogs
	Llich Deletive	Low Dolothyo

Market Share

Low Relative Market Share

Portfolio Design

- Step 1: Analyze the current business portfolio
- Step 2: Shape the future business portfolio

- Determine the future role of each SBU and choose the appropriate resource allocation strategy:
 - Build
 - Hold
 - Harvest
 - Divest
- SBUs change positions over time

- Matrix approaches to formal planning share many problems:
 - Difficult, time-consuming, and costly to implement.
 - Focus only on current businesses.
 - Too strongly emphasize market share growth or growth via diversification.

- Designing the business portfolio also involves:
 - Developing strategies for growth by identifying, evaluating, and selecting promising new market opportunities.

Product/market expansion grid

 Developing strategies for downsizing the business portfolio.

Product/Market Expansion Grid

	Existing Products	New Products
Existing Markets	Market Penetration	Product Development
New Markets	Market Development	Diversification

Planning Marketing

- Marketing plays a key role in the strategic planning process.
- Marketers must practice CRM and Partner Relationship Management.
 - Partnering with other departments in the company as well as other firms in the marketing system helps to build a superior value delivery-network.

Key Elements

- Analyzing marketing opportunities
- Selecting target markets
- Developing the marketing mix
- Managing the marketing effort

- The strategic planning and business portfolio analysis processes help to identify and evaluate marketing opportunities.
- The purpose of the marketing process is to help the firm plan how to capitalize on these opportunities.

Key Elements

- Analyzing marketing opportunities
- Selecting target markets
- Developing the marketing mix
- Managing the marketing effort

- The segmentation process divides the total market into market segments.
- Target marketing determines which segment(s) are pursued.
- The market positioning for the product is then determined.

Key Elements

- Analyzing marketing opportunities
- Selecting target markets
- Developing the marketing mix
- Managing the marketing effort

- Competitor analysis guides competitive marketing strategy development.
- Strategy leads to tactics by way of the marketing mix:
 - The "Four Ps" product, price, place, promotion (seller viewpoint)
 - The "Four Cs" customer solution, cost, convenience, and communication (customer viewpoint)

Key Elements

- Analyzing marketing opportunities
- Selecting target markets
- Developing the marketing mix
- Managing the marketing effort

• Marketing analysis

- Provides information helpful in planning, implementation, and control
- Marketing planning
 - Strategies and tactics
- Marketing implementation
 - Turns plans into action
- Marketing control
 - Operating control
 - Strategic control
 - Marketing audit